

ANTIBODIES

Anti-Ajuba

Ajuba plays an important role in regulation of the kinase activity of AURKA/Aurora-A for mitotic commitment. Ajuba is a component of the IL-1 signaling pathway modulating IL-1induced NF-kB activation and also plays a role in cadherin-mediated cell-cell adhesion and influences cell migration.

Epitope: Human Ajuba Species: Human Uses: WB, IF

Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-ADA3 clone (5C9/C8)

Epitope: Human ADA3 Species: Human Uses: WB, IHC Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Mohibi S et al. J. Biol Chem (2012) v287: 29442-29456; Mirza et al. Breast Cancer Res Treat (2013) v137: 721-731; Mohibi S et al. J. Biol Chem (2015) V290: 28299-28310

Anti-Cadherin 11 (16A6)

Cadherins are integral membrane proteins that mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion. Epitope: EC domain Cad11 Species: Human Uses: WB,IP, IF

Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-Cadherin 11 (16G5)

Cadherins are integral membrane proteins that mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion.

Epitope: EC domain Cad11 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-Cadherin 19 (1C11)

Cadherins are integral membrane proteins that mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion.

Epitope: Human Cadeherin 19 Species: Human Uses: WB Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-Desmoglein 2 (7H9)

Desmogleins are a family of cadherins that play a role in the formation of desmosomes

that join cells to one another.

Epitope: N-terminal region of Extracellular domain 1 of desmoglein 2 and a region that is at the fusion between EC1 and the proregion Species: Human Uses: WB, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Keim S et al (2008) Hybridoma 27 (4) 249-258

Anti-Desmoglein 2 (10D2)

Desmogleins are a family of cadherins that play a role in the formation of desmosomes that join cells to one another.

Epitope: C-terminal region of extracellular domain 1 of desomglein 2 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Keim S et al (2008) Hybridoma 27 (4) 249-258

Anti-Desmoglein 2 (13B11)

Desmogleins are a family of cadherins that play a role in the formation of desmosomes that join cells to one another. **Epitope:** C-terminal region of extracellular domain 1 of desomglein 2 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP

Type: Mouse mAb

Publications: Keim S et al (2008) Hybridoma 27 (4) 249-258

Anti-Desmoglein 2 (19B9)

Desmogleins are a family of cadherins that play a role in the formation of desmosomes that join cells to one another. **Epitope:** N-terminal region of Extracellular domain 1 of desmoglein 2 and a region that is at the fusion between EC1 and the proregion Species: Human Uses: WB, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Keim S et al (2008) Hybridoma 27 (4) 249-258

Anti-DHHC5 (11G11)

DHHC5 is a member of the DHHC family of palmitoyl-cyl transferases. These enzymes catalyze the addition of palmitate onto cysteine residues of target proteins.

Epitope: Human DHHC5 Species: Human Uses: WB Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

WB-Western Blot IF-Immunofluorescence

IP-Immunoprecipitation

IHC-Immunohistochemistry

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Anti-DHHC13 (26D1)

DHHC13 is a member of the DHHC family of palmitoyl-cyl transferases. These enzymes catalyze the addition of palmitate onto cysteine residues of target proteins. Epitope: Amino acids 40-150 Species: Human Uses: WB, IF Type: Mouse mAb

Anti-FGFR4 (19H3)

Publications: None

Fibroblast growth factor receptor 4 (FGFR4), also known as CD334, is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor family and a cell surface tyrosine kinase containing three immunoglobulin-like domains. FGFR4 is widely expressed in many tissues including the intestine, muscle, heart, cornea, retina, and pancreas, with highest expression in lung and kidney. FGFR4 binds acidic fibroblast growth factor and ligand binding induces mitogenesis and differentiation. FGFR4 is overexpressed in gynecological tumor samples, suggesting a role in breast and ovarian tumorigenesis.

Epitope: Human FGFR4 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-LGR6 (20E3)

LGR6 is a glycoprotein hormone receptor that is a member of the leucine-rich repeatcontaining subgroup of the G protein-coupled 7-transmembrane protein superfamily.

Epitope: Human LGR6 Species: Human Uses: WB Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-MastL

Microtubule-associated serine/threonine-protein kinase-like (MastL) has been associated with thrombocytopenia and thrombocytopenia 2. MastL is a serine/threonine kinase that plays a key role in M phase by acting as a regulator of mitosis entry and mmaintenance. Following DNA damage, MastL is also involved in checkpoint recovery by being inhibited. May be involved in megakaryocyte differentiation.

Epitope: C-terminus Species: Human Uses: WB, IHC Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-MUC4 (8G7)

Mucin-4 (MUC4) is a mucin protein and a major constituent of mucus. MUC4 plays various roles in the progression of cancer, particularly due to its signaling and antiadhesive properties which contribute to tumor development and metastasis. MUC4 is also important in other diseases such as endometriosis and inflammatory bowel disease

Epitope: Tadem Repeat Domains Species: Human Uses: WB, IF, IHC Type: mAb Publications: Moniaux N et al (2004) J Histochem Cytochem 52 (2) 253-261

Anti-NHERF-2 (32B6)

Sodium-hydrogen exchange regulatory cofactor NHE-RF2 (NHERF-2) is also known as tyrosine kinase activator protein 1 (TKA-1) or SRY-interacting protein 1 (SIP-1). NHERF-2 acts as a scaffold protein connecting plasma membrane proteins with members of the ezrin/moesin/radixin family, linking them to the actin cytoskeleton and regulating their surface expression.

Epitope: AA 149-231 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Theisen C et al (2007) Mol Biol Cell 18 (4) 1220-1232

Anti-OTK18

OTK18 is classified as a transcription factor as it contains 13 C2H2-type DNA binding zinc finger motifs. C2H2 zinc finger motifs are capable of binding to a wide range of DNA sequences, including the HIV-1 LTR. This human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-inducible zinc-finger protein reduces progeny-virion production in infected human macrophages.

Epitope: 0TK 1-178 Species: Human Uses: ELISA, WB, IHC Type: mAb Publications: Buescher J et al (2008) J Neuroimmune Pharmacol 3 (4) 230-235

WB-Western Blot IF-Immunofluorescence



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IP-Immunoprecipitation IHC-Immunohistochemistry



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Anti-p63 (11H1)

A member of the p53 familyof transcription factors, p63 plays a key role in the regulation of epithelial proliferation and differentiation.

Epitope: Human p63

Species: Human Uses: WB Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-Plakophilin-1 (19F10)

Plakophilins are proteins of the cytoskeleton. Epitope: AA 235-726 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Sobolik-Delmaire T et al (2010) J Invest Dermatol 130 911): 2638-46

Anti-Plakophilin-2 (8H6)

Plakophilins are proteins of the cytoskeleton. **Epitope:** AA 1-350 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Sobolik-Delmaire T et al (2010) J Invest Dermatol 130 911): 2638-46

Anti-Plakophilin-3 (7F6)

Plakophilins are proteins of the cytoskeleton. **Epitope:** AA 1-308 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti-Pro Desmoglein 2 (3B11)

Desmogleins are a family of cadherins that play a role in the formation of desmosomes that join cells to one another. **Epitope:** Proregion human desmoglein 2 Species: Human Uses: WB, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Keim S et al (2008) Hybridoma 27 (4) 249-258

Anti-Pro Desmoglein 2 (20G1)

Desmogleins are a family of cadherins that play a role in the formation of desmosomes that join cells to one another. **Epitope:** Proregion human desmoglein 2 Species: Human Uses: WB, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Keim S et al (2008) Hybridoma 27 (4) 249-258

WB-Western Blot IF-Immunofluorescence

ofluorescence IP-

IP-Immunoprecipitation

IHC-Immunohistochemistry

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Anti-Pro Desmoplakin (20B6)

Desmoplakin is a component of desmosomes, the intercellular junctions that tightly link adjacent cells. Desmoplakins anchor intermediate filaments to desmosomal plagues.

Epitope: 2086 Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Sobolik-Delmaire T et al (2006) JBC 281 (25) 16962-16970

Anti-Pro Desmoplakin (23F4)

Desmoplakin is a component of desmosomes, the intercellular junctions that tightly link adjacent cells. Desmoplakins anchor intermediate filaments to desmosomal plaques.

Epitope: 23F4

Species: Human Uses: WB, IP, IF Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Stojadinovic 0 et al (2008) J Cell Mol Med 12 (6B) 2675-2690

Anti-α-Catulin (22B9)

a-catulin is an a-catenin-related protein that shares structural similarities with cytoskeletal linker proteins and facilitates Rho signalling.

Eptitope: Human α-catulin Species: Human Uses: WB Type: Mouse mAb Publications: None

Anti Tau-Tubulin Kinase 1

Epitope: Catalytic domain (1-320) Species: Human Uses: WB, IHC Type: Mouse mAb Publications: Sato S et al. J Neurosci (2008) v28: 14511-14521 ; Xu J et al. FASEBJ (2010) v24: 2904-2915; Asai H et al. Am J Pathol (2014) v184: 808-818 119

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